



Pond Buffers (No Mow Zones)

Pond buffers (No Mow Zones) are now at maximum growth and development due to outstanding plant growth conditions. In order to propagate pond and wetland buffers as a Best Management Practice, it is important to let herbaceous grasses and wildflowers develop to flowering and seed before pruning takes place.

Once the buffer vegetation begins to go dormant with the onset of the warm season, the plants are pruned down and the herbaceous material is allowed to settle to the soil layer. This is important to retain soil moisture and provide nutrients required to promote buffer plant health. Native nuisance vegetation and exotic invasive vegetation such as vines, multiflora rose and wood stemmed pioneers are systematically removed over time.

If you have any questions or concerns, please contact EECI's professional office at 302.684.5201 or via email at info@envirotechecinc.com!